## Rounding of Modeled Concentrations for Comparison with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards

Each National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) has its own rounding convention found in 40 CFR Part 50. Although the rounding conventions are focused on monitored data, the same principles apply to modeled concentrations. It is acceptable to apply these rounding conventions to non-PSD modeled concentrations for comparison with the NAAQS.

The rounding truncation criteria and rounding conventions for each NAAQS as described in 40 CFR Part 50 are summarized in Table 1.

Table 1. Truncation Criteria and Rounding Conventions

Pollutant	Averaging	Truncation Criteria and Rounding Convention	Reference
Period			40 CFR 50
NO <sub>2</sub>	NO <sub>2</sub> 1-hr Values truncated after one decimal place. Round to r		Appendix S,
		1 ppb (values 0.5 or greater round up).	Section 4
	Annual	Values truncated after one decimal place. Round to nearest	Appendix S,
		1 ppb (values 0.5 or greater round up).	Section 4
SO <sub>2</sub>	SO <sub>2</sub> 1-hr Values truncated after one decimal place. Round to neare		Appendix T,
		1 ppb (values 0.5 or greater round up).	Section 4
	3-hr	Round to nearest 0.1 ppm (values 0.05 or greater round up)	40 CFR 50.5
	24-hr	Round to nearest 0.01 ppm (values 0.005 or greater round up)	40 CFR 50.4
	Annual	Round to nearest 0.001 ppm (values 0.0005 or greater round up)	40 CFR 50.4
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	24-hr	Values truncated after one decimal place. Round to nearest	Appendix N,
		1 μg/m³ (values 0.5 or greater round up)	Sections 3,4
	Annual	Values truncated after one decimal place. Round to nearest	Appendix N,
		0.1 μg/m³ (values 0.05 or greater round up)	Sections 3,4
PM <sub>10</sub>	24-hr Round to nearest 10 μg/m³ (values 5 or greater round up)		Appendix K,
			Section 1
СО	1-hr	Round to nearest 0.1 ppm (values 0.5 or greater round up)	40 CFR 50.8
	8-hr	Round to nearest 0.1 ppm (values 0.5 or greater round up)	40 CFR 50.8
Pb	3-mo rolling	Round to nearest 0.01 μg/m³ (values 0.005 or greater round	Appendix R
	average	up)	Section 4

Based on the rounding conventions and truncation criteria found in 40 CFR Part 50, modeled values that would be considered to demonstrate attainment of the NAAQS have been determined. For consistency

and ease of comparison, the modeled values acceptable for demonstrating attainment with the NAAQS are listed in Table 2. There is no guidance available for rounding of  $\mu g/m^3$  NAAQS values calculated for gaseous pollutants, therefore the calculated values for  $NO_2$  and the 1-hour averaging period of  $SO_2$  were truncated at one decimal place and the 3-hour, 24-hour and annual averaging periods of  $SO_2$  and the CO values were rounded to 1 decimal place.

Table 2: Modeled Values that Demonstrate Attainment of the NAAQS

Pollutant	Averaging	Modeled Attainment of NAAQS*		
	Period	ppb/ppm	μg/m³	
NO <sub>2</sub>	1-hr	100.4 ppb	188.8	
	Annual	53.4 ppb	100.4	
SO <sub>2</sub>	1-hr	75.4 ppb	197.4	
	3-hr	0.54 ppm	1414.3	
	24-hr	0.1449 ppm	377.2	
	Annual	0.03049 ppm	79.6	
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	24-hr	NA	35.4	
	Annual	NA	12.04 (15.04**)	
PM <sub>10</sub>	24-hr	NA	154	
со	1-hr	35.4 ppm	40,538.1	
	8-hr	9.4 ppm	10,764.3	
Pb	3-mo rolling average	NA	0.154	

<sup>\*</sup> For gaseous pollutants with ppb and ppm NAAQS, calculation  $\mu$ g/m3 values are converted using the formula  $\mu$ g/m³ = (ppm X molecular weight)/0.02446 @ 25 C.

<sup>\*\*</sup> For non-PSD modeling analyses, the DNR will continue to use the annual PM<sub>2.5</sub> NAAQS of 15  $\mu$ g/m³ until the DNR establishes rules and procedures for the new NAAQS of 12  $\mu$ g/m³.